

**SEC. 746. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING THE BAN ON SINN FEIN MINISTERS FROM THE NORTH-SOUTH MINISTERIAL COUNCIL IN NORTHERN IRELAND.**

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Good Friday Agreement established the North-South Ministerial Council to bring together those with executive responsibilities in Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland to discuss matters of mutual interest on a cross-border and all-island basis.

(2) The Ulster Unionist Party, Social Democratic and Labour Party, Sinn Fein and the Democratic Unionist Party comprise the Northern Ireland executive.

(3) First Minister David Trimble continues to ban Sinn Fein Ministers Martin McGuinness and Bairbre de Brun from attending North-South Ministerial Council meetings.

(4) On January 30, 2001, the Belfast High Court ruled First Minister Trimble had acted illegally in preventing the Sinn Fein Ministers from attending the North-South Ministerial Council meetings.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—The Congress calls upon First Minister David Trimble to adhere to the terms of the Good Friday Agreement and lift the ban on the participation of Sinn Fein Ministers on the North-South Ministerial Council.

**TITLE VIII—SECURITY ASSISTANCE**

**SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.**

This title may be cited as the “Security Assistance Act of 2001”.

**Subtitle A—Military and Related Assistance**

**CHAPTER 1—FOREIGN MILITARY SALES AND RELATED AUTHORITIES**

**SEC. 811. QUARTERLY REPORT ON PRICE AND AVAILABILITY ESTIMATES.**

Chapter 2 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2761 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

**“SEC. 28. QUARTERLY REPORT ON PRICE AND AVAILABILITY ESTIMATES.**

“(a) QUARTERLY REPORT.—Not later than 15 days after the end of each calendar quarter, the President shall transmit to the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report that contains the information described in subsection (b).

“(b) INFORMATION.—The information described in this subsection is the following:

“(1)(A) Each price and availability estimate provided by the United States Government during such calendar quarter to a foreign country with respect to a possible sale under this Act of major defense articles having a cost of \$7,000,000 or more, or of any other defense articles or services having a cost of \$25,000,000 or more.

“(B) The name of each foreign country to which an estimate described in subparagraph (A) was provided, the defense articles or services involved, the quantity of the articles or services involved, and the price estimate.

“(2)(A) Each request received by the United States Government from a foreign country during such calendar quarter for the issuance of a letter of offer to sell defense articles or defense services if the proposed sale does not include a price and availability estimate (as described in paragraph (1)(A)).

“(B) The name of each foreign country that makes a request described in subparagraph (A), the date of the request, the defense articles or services involved, the quantity of the articles or services involved, and the price and availability terms requested.”.

**SEC. 812. OFFICIAL RECEPTION AND REPRESENTATION EXPENSES.**

Section 43(c) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2792(c)) is amended by striking “\$72,500” and inserting “\$86,500”.

**SEC. 813. TREATMENT OF TAIWAN RELATING TO TRANSFERS OF DEFENSE ARTICLES AND SERVICES.**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for purposes of the transfer or potential transfer

of defense articles or defense services under the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.), the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.), or any other provision of law, Taiwan shall be treated as the equivalent of a major non-NATO ally.

**SEC. 814. UNITED STATES POLICY WITH REGARD TO TAIWAN.**

(a) CONSULTATION WITH CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days prior to consultations with Taiwan described in subsection (b), the President shall consult, on a classified basis, with Congress regarding the following matters with respect to the availability of defense articles and services for Taiwan:

(1) The request by Taiwan to the United States for the purchase of defense articles and defense services.

(2) The President's assessment of the legitimate defense needs of Taiwan taking into account Taiwan's request described in paragraph (1).

(3) The decisionmaking process used by the President to consider such request.

(b) CONSULTATION WITH TAIWAN.—At least once every calendar year, the President, or the President's designee, shall consult with representatives of the armed forces of Taiwan, at not less than the level of Vice Chief of the General Staff, concerning the nature and quantity of defense articles and services to be made available to Taiwan in accordance with section 3(b) of the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3302(b)). Such consultations shall take place in Washington, D.C.

**CHAPTER 2—EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLE AND DRAWDOWN AUTHORITIES**

**SEC. 821. EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES FOR CERTAIN EUROPEAN AND OTHER COUNTRIES.**

(a) CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.—Section 105 of Public Law 104-164 (110 Stat. 1427) is amended by striking “2000 and 2001” and inserting “2001, 2002, and 2003”.

(b) CERTAIN OTHER COUNTRIES.—Notwithstanding section 516(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j(e)), during each of the fiscal years 2002 and 2003, funds available to the Department of Defense may be expended for crating, packing, handling, and transportation of excess defense articles transferred under the authority of section 516 of such Act to Albania, Bulgaria, Croatia, Estonia, the Former Yugoslavia Republic of Macedonia, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mongolia, the Philippines, Slovakia, and Uzbekistan.

(c) CONTENT OF CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—Each notification required to be submitted under section 516(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j(f)) with respect to a proposed transfer of a defense article described in subsection (b) shall include an estimate of the amount of funds to be expended under such subsection with respect to that transfer.

**SEC. 822. LEASES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.**

Section 61(b) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796(b)) is amended—

(1) by striking “(b) Each lease agreement” and inserting “(b)(1) Each lease agreement”; and

(2) by striking “of not to exceed five years” and inserting “which may not exceed (A) five years, and (B) a specified period of time required to complete major refurbishment work of the leased articles to be performed prior to the delivery of the leased articles.”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) In this subsection, the term ‘major refurbishment work’ means work for which the period of performance is six months or more.”.

**SEC. 823. PRIORITY WITH RESPECT TO TRANSFER OF EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES.**

Section 516(c)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j(c)(2)) is amended by

striking “and to major non-NATO allies on such southern and southeastern flank” and inserting “, to major non-NATO allies on such southern and southeastern flank, and to the Philippines”.

**CHAPTER 3—NONPROLIFERATION AND EXPORT CONTROL ASSISTANCE**

**SEC. 831. INTERNATIONAL COUNTERPROLIFERATION EDUCATION AND TRAINING.**

Chapter 9 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2349bb et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating sections 584 and 585 as sections 585 and 586, respectively; and

(2) by inserting after section 583 the following:

**“SEC. 584. INTERNATIONAL COUNTERPROLIFERATION EDUCATION AND TRAINING.**

“(a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—The President is authorized to furnish, on such terms and conditions consistent with this chapter (but whenever feasible on a reimbursable basis), education and training to foreign governmental and military personnel for the purpose of enhancing the nonproliferation and export control capabilities of such personnel through their attendance in special courses of instruction in the United States.

“(b) ADMINISTRATION OF COURSES.—The Secretary of State shall have overall responsibility for the development and conduct of international nonproliferation education and training programs, but may rely upon any of the following agencies to recommend personnel for the education and training, and to administer specific courses of instruction:

“(1) The Department of Defense (including national weapons laboratories under contract with the Department).

“(2) The Department of Energy (including national weapons laboratories under contract with the Department).

“(3) The Department of Commerce.

“(4) The intelligence community (as defined in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4))).

“(5) The United States Customs Service.

“(6) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.

“(c) PURPOSES.—Education and training activities conducted under this section shall be—

“(1) of a technical nature, emphasizing techniques for detecting, deterring, monitoring, interdicting, and countering proliferation;

“(2) designed to encourage effective and mutually beneficial relations and increased understanding between the United States and friendly countries; and

“(3) designed to improve the ability of friendly countries to utilize their resources, including defense articles and defense services obtained by them from the United States, with maximum effectiveness, thereby contributing to greater self-reliance by such countries.”.

**SEC. 832. ANNUAL REPORT ON THE PROLIFERATION OF MISSILES AND ESSENTIAL COMPONENTS OF NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS.**

(a) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall transmit to the designated congressional committees an annual report on the transfer by any country of weapons, technology, components, or materials that can be used to deliver, manufacture (including research and experimentation), or weaponize nuclear, biological, or chemical weapons (hereinafter in this section referred to as “NBC weapons”) to any country other than a country referred to in subsection (c) that is seeking to possess or otherwise acquire such weapons, technology, or materials, or other system that the Secretary of State or Secretary of Defense has reason to believe could be used to develop, acquire, or deliver NBC weapons.

(2) DEADLINE FOR INITIAL REPORT.—The first such report shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and on April 1 of each year thereafter.